

Error Function Integration Problem 1

$$\int x^m \operatorname{Erf}[b x]^2 dx$$

- *Rubi* is able to integrate $x^m \operatorname{Erf}[b x]^2$ for odd m except -1:

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[x^3 \operatorname{Erf}[b x]^2, x\right]$$

$$\frac{e^{-2b^2 x^2}}{2b^4 \pi} + \frac{e^{-2b^2 x^2} x^2}{4b^2 \pi} + \frac{e^{-b^2 x^2} x (3 + 2b^2 x^2) \operatorname{Erf}[b x]}{4b^3 \sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{3 \operatorname{Erf}[b x]^2}{16b^4} + \frac{1}{4} x^4 \operatorname{Erf}[b x]^2$$

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[x \operatorname{Erf}[b x]^2, x\right]$$

$$\frac{e^{-2b^2 x^2}}{2b^2 \pi} + \frac{e^{-b^2 x^2} x \operatorname{Erf}[b x]}{b \sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{\operatorname{Erf}[b x]^2}{4b^2} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \operatorname{Erf}[b x]^2$$

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Erf}[b x]^2}{x}, x\right]$$

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Erf}[b x]^2}{x}, x\right]$$

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Erf}[b x]^2}{x^3}, x\right]$$

$$-\frac{2b e^{-b^2 x^2} \operatorname{Erf}[b x]}{\sqrt{\pi} x} - b^2 \operatorname{Erf}[b x]^2 - \frac{\operatorname{Erf}[b x]^2}{2x^2} + \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}[-2b^2 x^2]}{\pi}$$

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Erf}[b x]^2}{x^5}, x\right]$$

$$-\frac{b^2 e^{-2b^2 x^2}}{3\pi x^2} - \frac{b e^{-b^2 x^2} (1 - 2b^2 x^2) \operatorname{Erf}[b x]}{3\sqrt{\pi} x^3} + \frac{1}{3} b^4 \operatorname{Erf}[b x]^2 - \frac{\operatorname{Erf}[b x]^2}{4x^4} - \frac{4b^4 \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}[-2b^2 x^2]}{3\pi}$$

- *Mathematica* is not able to integrate $x^m \operatorname{Erf}[b x]^2$ for negative odd m :

$$\int x^3 \operatorname{Erf}[b x]^2 dx$$

$$\frac{e^{-2b^2 x^2} \left(8 + 4b^2 x^2 + 4b e^{b^2 x^2} \sqrt{\pi} x (3 + 2b^2 x^2) \operatorname{Erf}[b x] + e^{2b^2 x^2} \pi (-3 + 4b^4 x^4) \operatorname{Erf}[b x]^2 \right)}{16b^4 \pi}$$

$$\int x \operatorname{Erf}[b x]^2 dx$$

$$\frac{2 e^{-2b^2 x^2} + 4b e^{-b^2 x^2} \sqrt{\pi} x \operatorname{Erf}[b x] + \pi (-1 + 2b^2 x^2) \operatorname{Erf}[b x]^2}{4b^2 \pi}$$

$$\int \frac{\text{Erf}[bx]^2}{x} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\text{Erf}[bx]^2}{x} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\text{Erf}[bx]^2}{x^3} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\text{Erf}[bx]^2}{x^3} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\text{Erf}[bx]^2}{x^5} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\text{Erf}[bx]^2}{x^5} dx$$

- Maple is not able to integrate $x^m \text{Erf}[bx]^2$ for any odd m:

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int (x^3 * erf (b * x) ^ 2, x);
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$$\int x^3 \text{erf}(bx)^2 dx$$

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int (x * erf (b * x) ^ 2, x);
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$$\int x \text{erf}(bx)^2 dx$$

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int (erf (b * x) ^ 2 / x, x);
```

$$\int \frac{\text{erf}(bx)^2}{x} dx$$

```
int (erf (b * x) ^ 2 / x^3, x);
```

$$\int \frac{\text{erf}(bx)^2}{x^3} dx$$

```
int (erf (b * x) ^ 2 / x^5, x);
```

$$\int \frac{\text{erf}(bx)^2}{x^5} dx$$

Note that these systems give similar results to the above for the complementary and imaginary error functions.

Error Function Integration Problem 2

$$\int x^m \operatorname{Erf}[a + b x]^2 dx$$

- *Rubi* is able to integrate $x^m \operatorname{Erf}[a + b x]^2$ for integer $m \geq 0$:

$$\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Erf}[a + b x]^2, x]$$

$$\frac{2 e^{-(a+bx)^2} \operatorname{Erf}[a + b x]}{b \sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{(a + b x) \operatorname{Erf}[a + b x]^2}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \operatorname{Erf}\left[\sqrt{2} (a + b x)\right]}{b}$$

$$\operatorname{Int}[x \operatorname{Erf}[a + b x]^2, x]$$

$$\frac{e^{-2(a+bx)^2}}{2 b^2 \pi} - \frac{e^{-(a+bx)^2} (a - b x) \operatorname{Erf}[a + b x]}{b^2 \sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{(1 + 2 a^2 - 2 b^2 x^2) \operatorname{Erf}[a + b x]^2}{4 b^2} + \frac{a \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \operatorname{Erf}\left[\sqrt{2} (a + b x)\right]}{b^2}$$

$$\operatorname{Int}[x^2 \operatorname{Erf}[a + b x]^2, x]$$

$$-\frac{2 a e^{-2(a+bx)^2}}{3 b^3 \pi} + \frac{e^{-2(a+bx)^2} x}{3 b^2 \pi} + \frac{2 e^{-(a+bx)^2} (1 + a^2 - a b x + b^2 x^2) \operatorname{Erf}[a + b x]}{3 b^3 \sqrt{\pi}} +$$

$$\frac{(3 a + 2 a^3 + 2 b^3 x^3) \operatorname{Erf}[a + b x]^2}{6 b^3} - \frac{(5 + 12 a^2) \operatorname{Erf}\left[\sqrt{2} (a + b x)\right]}{6 b^3 \sqrt{2 \pi}}$$

- *Mathematica* is unable to integrate $x^m \operatorname{Erf}[a + b x]^2$ for integer $m > 0$:

$$\int \operatorname{Erf}[a + b x]^2 dx$$

$$\frac{\frac{2 e^{-(a+bx)^2} \operatorname{Erf}[a+bx]}{\sqrt{\pi}} + (a + b x) \operatorname{Erf}[a + b x]^2 - \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \operatorname{Erf}\left[\sqrt{2} (a + b x)\right]}{b}$$

$$\int x \operatorname{Erf}[a + b x]^2 dx$$

$$\int x \operatorname{Erf}[a + b x]^2 dx$$

$$\int x^2 \operatorname{Erf}[a + b x]^2 dx$$

$$\int x^2 \operatorname{Erf}[a + b x]^2 dx$$

- *Maple* is unable to integrate $x^m \operatorname{Erf}[a + b x]^2$ for integer $m > 0$:

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int (erf (a + b * x) ^2, x);
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$$\frac{\frac{2 e^{-(a+bx)^2} \operatorname{Erf}[a+bx]}{\sqrt{\pi}} + (a+bx) \operatorname{Erf}[a+bx]^2 - \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \operatorname{Erf}\left[\sqrt{2} (a+bx)\right]}{b}$$

```
int (x * erf (a + b * x) ^2, x);
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$$\int x \operatorname{Erf}[a + b x]^2 dx$$

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int (x^2 * erf (a + b * x) ^2, x);
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$$\int x^2 \operatorname{Erf}[a + b x]^2 dx$$

Note that these systems give similar results to the above for the complementary and imaginary error functions.

Error Function Integration Problem 3

$$\int x^m \text{FresnelS}[b x]^2 dx$$

- *Rubi* is able to integrate $x^m \text{FresnelS}[b x]^2$ if $m \bmod 4$ equals 3 except if m equals -1:

$$\text{Int}\left[x^7 \text{FresnelS}[b x]^2, x\right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{105 x^2}{16 b^6 \pi^4} + \frac{7 x^6}{48 b^2 \pi^2} - \frac{55 x^2 \cos[b^2 \pi x^2]}{16 b^6 \pi^4} + \frac{x^6 \cos[b^2 \pi x^2]}{16 b^2 \pi^2} - \frac{35 x^3 \cos\left[\frac{1}{2} b^2 \pi x^2\right] \text{FresnelS}[b x]}{4 b^5 \pi^3} + \\ & \frac{x^7 \cos\left[\frac{1}{2} b^2 \pi x^2\right] \text{FresnelS}[b x]}{4 b \pi} - \frac{105 \text{FresnelS}[b x]^2}{8 b^8 \pi^4} + \frac{1}{8} x^8 \text{FresnelS}[b x]^2 + \\ & \frac{105 x \text{FresnelS}[b x] \sin\left[\frac{1}{2} b^2 \pi x^2\right]}{4 b^7 \pi^4} - \frac{7 x^5 \text{FresnelS}[b x] \sin\left[\frac{1}{2} b^2 \pi x^2\right]}{4 b^3 \pi^2} + \frac{10 \sin[b^2 \pi x^2]}{b^8 \pi^5} - \frac{5 x^4 \sin[b^2 \pi x^2]}{8 b^4 \pi^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Int}\left[x^3 \text{FresnelS}[b x]^2, x\right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{3 x^2}{8 b^2 \pi^2} + \frac{x^2 \cos[b^2 \pi x^2]}{8 b^2 \pi^2} + \frac{x^3 \cos\left[\frac{1}{2} b^2 \pi x^2\right] \text{FresnelS}[b x]}{2 b \pi} + \\ & \frac{3 \text{FresnelS}[b x]^2}{4 b^4 \pi^2} + \frac{1}{4} x^4 \text{FresnelS}[b x]^2 - \frac{3 x \text{FresnelS}[b x] \sin\left[\frac{1}{2} b^2 \pi x^2\right]}{2 b^3 \pi^2} - \frac{\sin[b^2 \pi x^2]}{2 b^4 \pi^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Int}\left[\frac{\text{FresnelS}[b x]^2}{x}, x\right]$$

$$\text{Int}\left[\frac{\text{FresnelS}[b x]^2}{x}, x\right]$$

$$\text{Int}\left[\frac{\text{FresnelS}[b x]^2}{x^5}, x\right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{b^2}{24 x^2} + \frac{b^2 \cos[b^2 \pi x^2]}{24 x^2} - \frac{b^3 \pi \cos\left[\frac{1}{2} b^2 \pi x^2\right] \text{FresnelS}[b x]}{6 x} - \frac{1}{12} b^4 \pi^2 \text{FresnelS}[b x]^2 - \\ & \frac{\text{FresnelS}[b x]^2}{4 x^4} - \frac{b \text{FresnelS}[b x] \sin\left[\frac{1}{2} b^2 \pi x^2\right]}{6 x^3} + \frac{1}{12} b^4 \pi \text{SinIntegral}[b^2 \pi x^2] \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Int}\left[\frac{\text{FresnelS}[b x]^2}{x^9}, x\right]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{b^2}{336 x^6} + \frac{b^6 \pi^2}{1680 x^2} + \frac{b^2 \cos[b^2 \pi x^2]}{336 x^6} - \frac{b^6 \pi^2 \cos[b^2 \pi x^2]}{336 x^2} - \frac{b^3 \pi \cos\left[\frac{1}{2} b^2 \pi x^2\right] \text{FresnelS}[b x]}{140 x^5} + \\
& \frac{b^7 \pi^3 \cos\left[\frac{1}{2} b^2 \pi x^2\right] \text{FresnelS}[b x]}{420 x} + \frac{1}{840} b^8 \pi^4 \text{FresnelS}[b x]^2 - \frac{\text{FresnelS}[b x]^2}{8 x^8} - \frac{b \text{FresnelS}[b x] \sin\left[\frac{1}{2} b^2 \pi x^2\right]}{28 x^7} + \\
& \frac{b^5 \pi^2 \text{FresnelS}[b x] \sin\left[\frac{1}{2} b^2 \pi x^2\right]}{420 x^3} - \frac{b^4 \pi \sin[b^2 \pi x^2]}{420 x^4} - \frac{1}{280} b^8 \pi^3 \text{SinIntegral}[b^2 \pi x^2]
\end{aligned}$$

- *Mathematica* is not able to integrate $x^m \text{FresnelS}[b x]^2$ if $m \bmod 4$ equals 3:

$$\int x^7 \text{FresnelS}[b x]^2 dx$$

$$\int x^7 \text{FresnelS}[b x]^2 dx$$

$$\int x^3 \text{FresnelS}[b x]^2 dx$$

$$\int x^3 \text{FresnelS}[b x]^2 dx$$

$$\int \frac{\text{FresnelS}[b x]^2}{x} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\text{FresnelS}[b x]^2}{x} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\text{FresnelS}[b x]^2}{x^5} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\text{FresnelS}[b x]^2}{x^5} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\text{FresnelS}[b x]^2}{x^9} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\text{FresnelS}[b x]^2}{x^9} dx$$

- *Maple* is not able to integrate $x^m \text{FresnelS}[b x]^2$ if $m \bmod 4$ equals 3:

$$\text{int}(x^7 * \text{FresnelS}(b * x)^2, x);$$

$$\int x^7 \text{FresnelS}(b x)^2 dx$$

$$\text{int}(x^3 * \text{FresnelS}(b * x)^2, x);$$

$$\int x^3 \text{FresnelS}(b x)^2 dx$$

$$\text{int}(\text{FresnelS}(b * x)^2 / x, x);$$

$$\int \frac{\text{Fresnels}(bx)^2}{x} dx$$

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int (Fresnels (b * x) ^ 2 / x ^ 5, x);
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$$\int \frac{\text{Fresnels}(bx)^2}{x^5} dx$$

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int (Fresnels (b * x) ^ 2 / x ^ 9, x);
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$$\int \frac{\text{Fresnels}(bx)^2}{x^9} dx$$

Note that these systems give similar results to the above for the Fresnel cosine function.